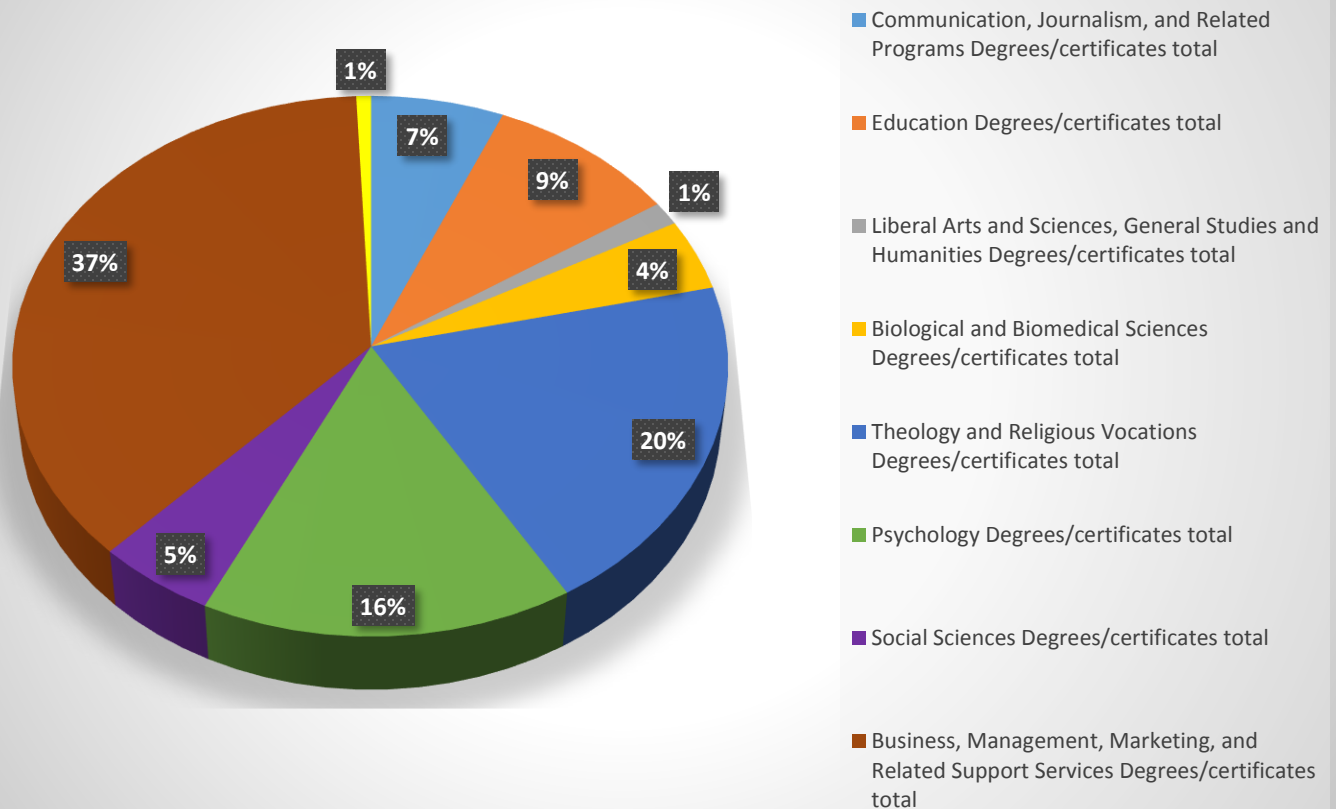


Student Right-To-Know Act

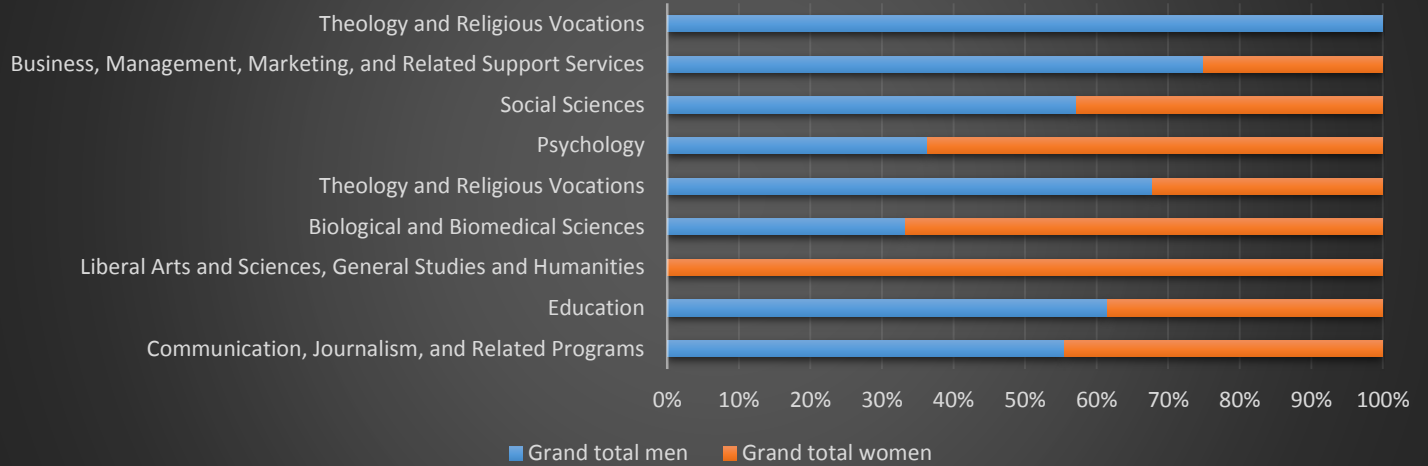
The Student Right-to-Know Act, passed by Congress in 1990, requires institutions eligible for Title IV funding, under the Higher Education Act of 1965, to calculate completion or graduation rates of certificate- or degree-seeking, full-time students entering that institution, and to disclose these rates to current and prospective students. Every institution that participates in any Title IV program and is attended by students receiving athletically-related student aid is required to disclose graduation/completion rates of all students as well as students receiving athletically-related student aid by race/ethnicity, gender and by sport, and the average completion or graduation rate for the four most recent years, to parents, coaches, and potential student athletes. To read more about the Student Right-to-Know Act, please visit the National Center for Education Statistics website at <http://nces.ed.gov>.

**All data below is sourced from the U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS)*

2019 Completions by Categories

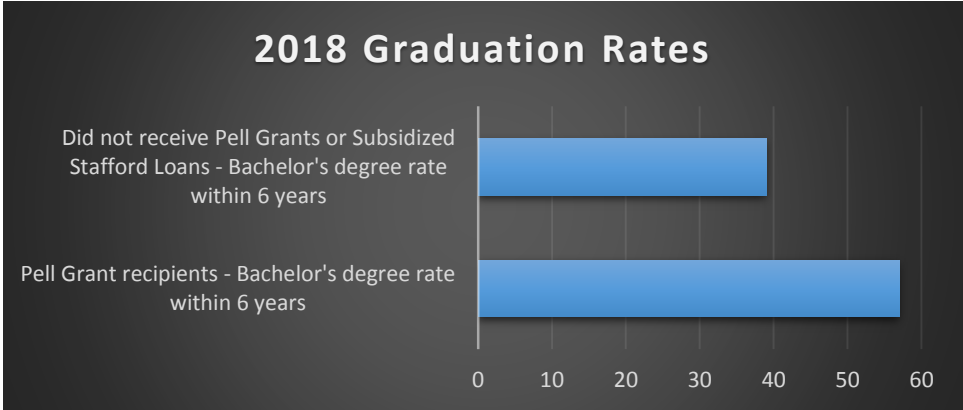


2019 Completions by Gender

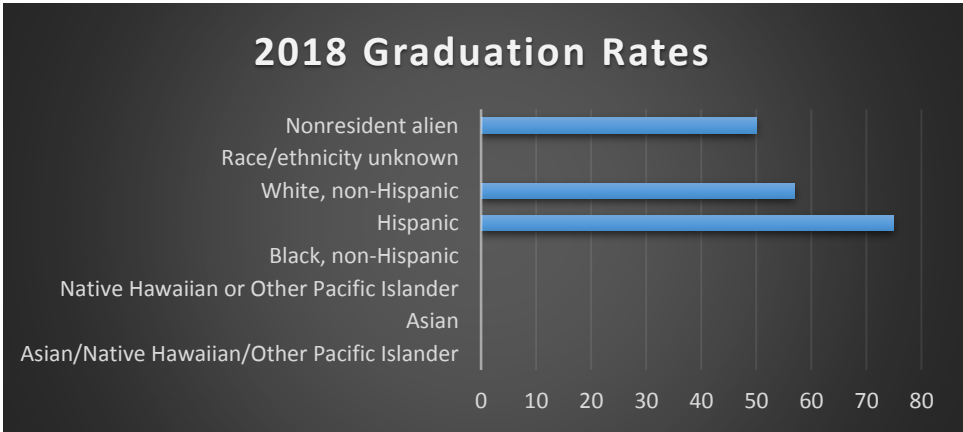
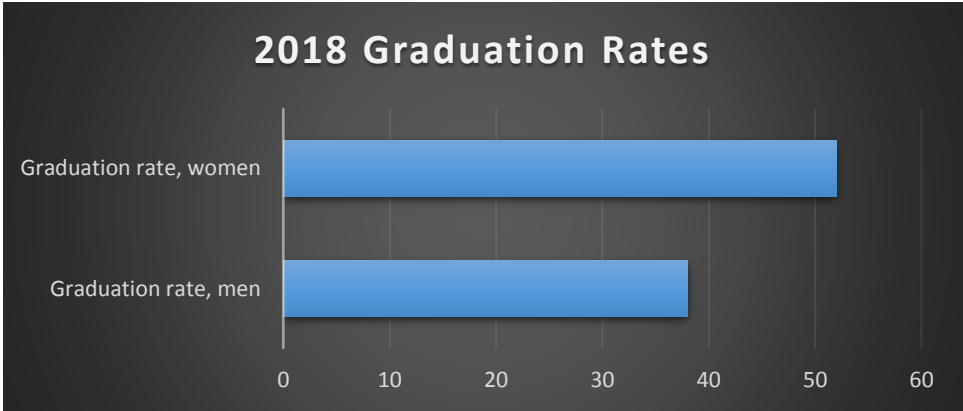


Bachelor's Degree 6-year Completion Rates	
2018	45.1%
2017	46.9%
2016	35.6%
2015	37.5%

Full-time Retention Rates	
2018	59%
2017	66%
2016	62%
2015	55%



** "Subsidized Stafford Loan recipients not receiving Pell Grants - Bachelor's degree rate within 6 years" is not included because all Subsidized Stafford Loan recipients received Pell Grants*



**American Indian or Alaska Native are not included because ACU did not have any first-time freshman students of this race/ethnicity in this cohort group*

**Two or more races are not included because ACU did not have any first-time freshman students of this race/ethnicity in this cohort group*